

VOLUME LII.

JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1909.

# NO NEARER TO COVETED SEAT

Legislature Has Another Joint Session, But Fails To Name A Senator Yet.

## MAY TAKE CONTEST TO WASHINGTON

Each Day Sees Protest That Stephenson Was Properly Elected At The First Sessions Of The Two Houses When They Voted Separately.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Feb. 4.—Today's joint ballot showed Senator Stephenson no nearer re-election than before. He had sixty-two votes, with four more—sixty-six—necessary for choice.

As has been customary since the joint ballot first began, the Stephenson campaign managers made formal protest claiming his election by the original vote of the Senate and assembly.

This vote was taken separately and the man now fighting Senator Stephenson voted blank. It is claimed this will give Senator Stephenson an opportunity to claim the election by presenting the records of the two houses to the senate.

Each day a formal protest is entered so that the records may be kept clean and just as regularly the Lieutenant Governor, Strange, as presiding officer, rules against the protest and the regular vote of the joint session is taken.

Today's vote showed little change from yesterday except that Stephenson gained one vote which had de-

sorted him yesterday. There were four absences.
Stephenson, Rep. .... 61
Cooper, Rep. .... 4
Strange, Rep. .... 4
Owens, Rep. .... 3
Morris, Rep. .... 3
Hoard, Rep. .... 3
Cook, Rep. .... 1
Stout, Rep. .... 1
James O. Davidson, Rep. .... 1
F. E. McGovern, Rep. .... 1
James A. Frear, Rep. .... 1
A. W. Sanborn, Rep. .... 1
Webb, Rep. .... 1
Lorout, Rep. .... 1
Hancock, Rep. .... 1
Morse, Rep. .... 1
W. H. Hatton, Rep. .... 1
S. M. Marsh, Rep. .... 1
J. T. Bishop, Rep. .... 1
J. L. Lenroot, Rep. .... 1
H. C. Martin, Rep. .... 1
M. A. Hoyt, Dem. .... 2
Bunnell, Soc. Dem. .... 1
Brown, Dem. .... 1

## HOLMES FOUND NOT GUILTY OF MURDERING HIS WIFE

Jury Acquitted Chicago Man Despite Damaging Testimony Given By Twelve-Year-Old Son.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

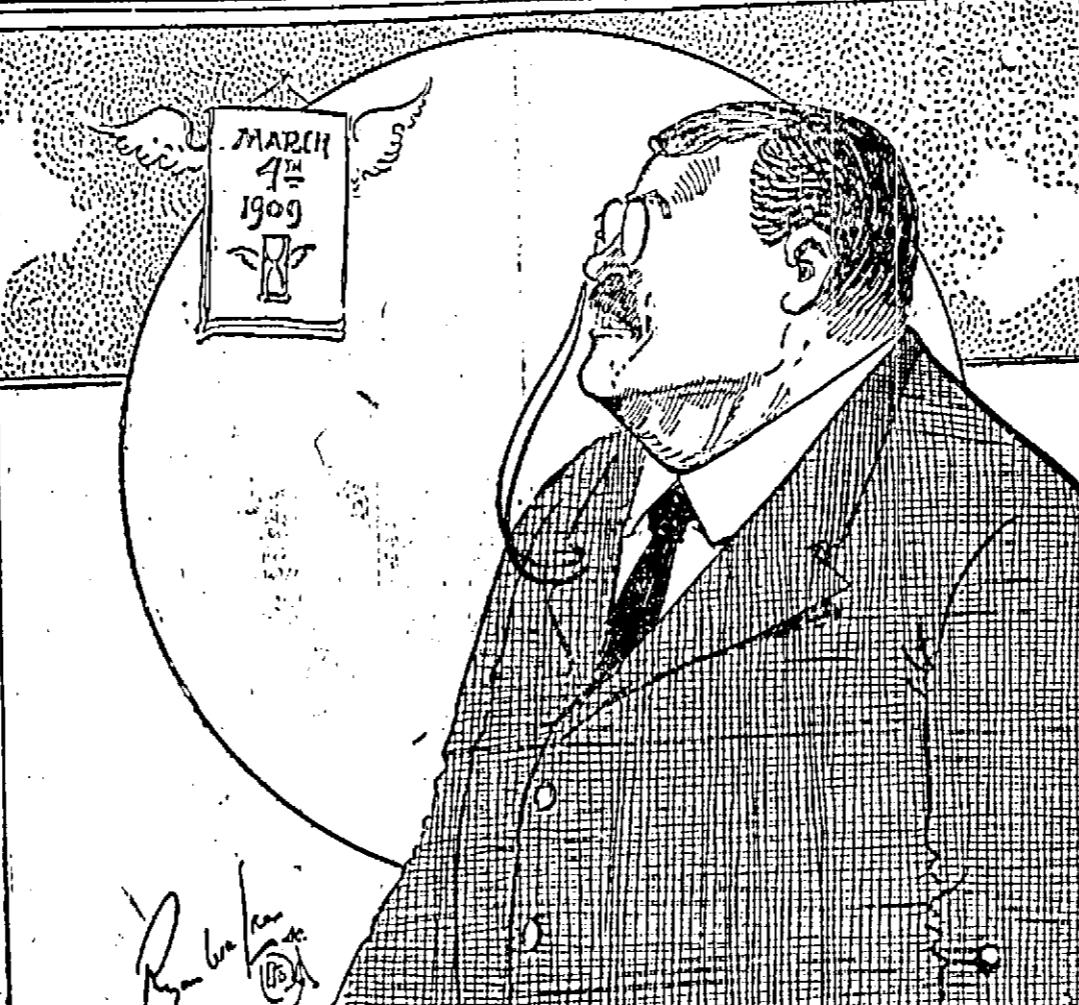
Chicago, Feb. 4.—Charles E. Holmes, against whom the most damaging testimony was given by his 12-year-old son, was declared not guilty of the murder of his wife by a jury today.

Crying as it hit little heart would break, 12-year-old Howard Holmes, of Chicago, Ill., had to tell the truth before Judge Bretzino and the jury in the Holmes murder case. C. E. Holmes, a well-to-do business man of this city, who was charged with the

"I was sleeping in my room Sunday morning when this happened," he said.

"I woke up when I heard loud talking. I listened and heard mamma telling somebody on the telephone that she had told the truth. Then father said: 'What did you say?' And mamma answered him and I heard him shout, 'You lie.'

"I got out of bed, and as I got into the room I saw them wrestling and scuffling. They lot go of each other



ONE MONTH FROM TODAY—THE PASSING OF ROOSEVELT.

## MISSION MEETING IN MINNEAPOLIS

Will be Opened With Big Dinner at the West Hotel Tonight—President Northrop to preside.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 4.—With a great dinner at the West hotel tonight, President Cyrus Northrop of the University of Minnesota presiding, the Northwestern campaign of the Layton's Missionary movement is to be inaugurated under the auspices of the Minnesota State conference of the organization. For the next three days great mass meetings are to be held and addresses are to be made by the foremost missionary laymen of the country. Scheduled speakers at the dinner tonight, in addition to President Northrop, include Governor John A. Johnson, Colonel Elihu W. Talford of Washington, D. C., G. Campbell White of New York and William T. Ellis of Philadelphia.

## NO ELECTION YET IN MINERS' CONFERENCE

Miners' Union Have Difficult Time Naming Their New Officers at Session.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 4.—When the tollers today announced the result of yesterday's vote by the United Mine workers for election of vice-president and secretary-treasurer it was found no choice had been made, and another ballot was ordered. The dispute between President Lewis and John H. Walker of the Illinois district was thrown out of the convention this morning by the adoption of the motion of President White of the Iowa district to forbid all future election of charges and counter charges.

## MASSACHUSETTS HAS REJECTED PROJECT

Proposition to Make Lincoln's Birthday State Holiday is Voted Down in Old Bay State.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Boston, Mass., Feb. 4.—The proposition to make Lincoln's birthday a state holiday was killed in the state senate today.

## DRAINAGE SYSTEMS ON BUSINESS BASIS

Would Regulate the Work of Reclaiming the Marsh Districts of the State.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., Feb. 4.—If the bill of Assemblyman Johnson passes the senate the methods of dredging lands in Wisconsin will be more thorough and systematic. He introduced a measure today providing for a drainage commission consisting of the governor, attorney general, and the head of the soils department of the college of agriculture. This commission can order the dredging of any land that for reason of their present condition are inimical to public health. It also provides that the commission coordinate with the counties in the laying out of the drainage districts.

The drainage commission shall appoint a chief engineer to make official examination of streams and swamps and marshes to be dredged. The law is modeled very closely after the one in Minnesota which has resulted in the dredging of millions of acres of lands and the reclamation of them for tillable purposes. In reality the cost of the dredging falls upon the lands benefited by the improvement. The members of the commission shall receive their necessary traveling expenses for attending meetings during viewing or inspecting the work or proposed work on the way. The secretary of the commission shall keep a complete record of all surveys and all work of construction under this act.

## TIMELY DISCOVERY SAVES FOUR LIVES

Speedway House on Whitefish Bay Road, Milwaukee, Nearly Destroyed by Fire During Night.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 4.—Awakened by smoke and crackling flames early this morning four men in the Speedway House, Whitefish Bay road, escaped being cremated in their beds by leaping from the window. The Dietz Bros., who conducted the place, the bartender and a colored chef donned their overcoats and shoes and jumped to the ground. An overhanging furnace had set fire to the building.

## FIRE INSURANCE SCHOOL STARTED

St. Louis College of Law and Finance Has Instituted Interesting New Department.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 4.—The first fire insurance school in the West opened today in St. Louis as a department of the City College of Law and Finance. During the term a series of twenty lectures will be delivered by leading insurance men of St. Louis, Chicago and other cities. The course is designed principally for fire insurance agents who desire to gain an insight into the scientific principles of insurance and underwriting.

## BANQUET FOR THE NEW AMBASSADOR

Count Von Bernstorff Will Dine With Notables at Manhattan Club, New York, Tonight.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4.—The new German Ambassador, Count von Bernstorff, went to New York today to attend a reception and banquet to be given there tonight in his honor. The banquet is to be held at the Manhattan Club. Herman Hildner will preside and the speakers will include Ambassador Bernstorff, former Ambassador Choate and President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University.

## CARRIE NATION HAS TO PAY SMALL FINE

Costs Her Seven Dollars for Breaking Car-Window Having Cigarette Advertising on It.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

London, Feb. 4.—Carrie Nation was today fined seven dollars for throwing an umbrella through a railway car window upon which a cigarette advertisement was pasted.

## TAFT PREDICTS THE OPENING OF CANAL

Thinks Big Ditch Will be Finished by 1916 If Not Before—Spoke to Interested Audience.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Panama, Feb. 4.—William H. Taft in an address today to a large gathering of canal employees and members of the Isthmian Red Cross society expressed satisfaction at the present condition of the work and the progress made. He predicted the canal will be completed by 1915, if not before.

## PRESIDENT OF SOO RAILROAD IS DEAD

Thomas Lowry Passed Away at Minneapolis Today After a Lengthy Illness.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 4.—Thomas Lowry, president of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company and Soo railroad, died today after a lingering illness.

## STRINGER IN LEAD ON 27TH BALLOT

Illinois Legislature in Joint Session Today Gave Him 73 Votes to 71 For Hopkins.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 4.—The twenty-seventh ballot for United States senator today resulted as follows: Hopkins, 71; Foss, 18; Stringer, 73; Shurdon, 16; Calhoun, 1; Sherman, 2. There being no choice at the conclusion of this ballot, the joint session arose. The balloting will be resumed next Tuesday.

## CALLS HALT ON PRINTING BILLS

TREASURER DAHL SAYS STATE WASTES \$40,000 A YEAR.

## 7 CARLOADS OF BLUE-BOOKS

Require 200,000 Pounds of Print Paper and 46,500 Copies Cost \$10,000 Each, Delivered.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Madison, Wis., Feb. 4.—State Treasurer A. H. Dahl today gave out an interview in which he declared that by changing the law governing public printing in Wisconsin "so that the present extravagant and wasteful system can be supplanted with one that will save approximately \$75,000 for every biennial period," enough money can be saved to pay the salaries and traveling expenses of all the members of the legislature. A bill will be introduced by Assembly George E. Scott this week that will encompass the saving.

As a member of the state printing commission Treasurer Dahl has carried on an independent investigation and one of the things he has attacked is the size and large distribution of the "blue book." "It is not to be wondered at that the printing bills of the state should increase, but when it increases from \$46,738.21 in 1907 to \$128,339.12 in 1908—an increase of nearly 300 per cent—it is time to call a halt," says the treasurer. "The printing bills for one department for 1908 amount to as much as the entire printing bill of the state for all departments, not including legislative printing, for the year 1888."

State Treasurer Dahl argues against the establishment of a state printing plant. He declares that the saving must come from reducing the size of reports, weeding out all unnecessary and stale matter, all reputations, useless tables and statistics that are of little or no value to anyone and secondly by reducing the number of copies to be printed of the several reports.

He believes that the largest saving that can be made on any single publication is that of the blue book.

"We publish 46,500 copies of the blue book every two years," he continues, "it requires about 200,000 pounds of print paper or nearly seven carloads of 30,000 pounds each, for every issue. This means an investment of \$2,000 for paper only, when printing, lithographing, binding, freight and express charges are added to the bills foot up to about \$35,000 for about 75 cents each. Add 35 cents for express charges and it makes the cost of each book \$1.10 delivered."

By comparative tables—from the data gathered Mr. Dahl shows that our blue book is larger than any published by the surrounding states and that the distribution in Wisconsin is from two to five times greater than surrounding states. He contends that publication of all of the separate reports in volumes collectively is expensive and accomplishes little, when the separate reports are the ones generally used. Instead of mailing out documents promiscuously, the departments should await requests.

He shows that scores of reports can be cut down in size and that fewer numbers should be printed.

"I found on investigation that some 700 copies of the state treasurer's reports for 1904 and 1905 were on hand when my report was ready to go to the press," he continues. "These copies are now of no use and are awaiting the 'junk dealer.' I therefore cut down the number of my reports from 1,500 to 800 and will have a sufficient amount for all my needs. The commissioners of public printing last year authorized the sale of nearly 100 tons of books and pamphlets as waste paper, and many more tons can soon be sold again."

He says that as the result of this system of wide free distribution a large amount of this literature finds its way straightway into the waste basket or furnace. He would establish a system like that at Washington sending out circular letters explaining the kind of printed matter that can be had for the asking, a system now employed by the national government, and then he declares these publications would fall into the hands of persons interested.

Mr. Dahl would have the law enforced requiring the submission of the reports to the printing commission and believes that by a little economy of this character the state can be saved nearly \$40,000 annually.

## INDIANA EDITORS MEET AND REJOICE

Take Unto Themselves a Full Share of the Credit for Recent Democratic Victory.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 4.—Taking themselves a full share of credit for the recent democratic victory in Indiana, the members of the Democratic State Editorial association rounded up at the Denison Hotel today for a two days' convention and jubilee. The principal feature provided is a circular letter explaining the kind of printed matter that can be had for the asking, a system now employed by the national government, and then he declares these publications would fall into the hands of persons interested.

The editor of the Indiana Journal, however, has in the problem of how long the trip and exciting finish when they steam past the Virginia capes and into Hampton Roads for inspection by the President. It will be a grueling cruise, but the reports from the fleet indicate that the vessels may be expected to come through in excellent condition.

## WORLD CRUISE NEARING AN END

SIXTEEN BATTLESHIPS SOON TO TURN PROWS HOMEWARD.

## MOST NOTABLE IN HISTORY

No Serious Mishaps Has Marred Long Voyage—Another Brilliant Stroke Of American Diplomacy.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4.—The ships of Admiral Sperry's fleet are now in the vicinity of Gibraltar, the gateway to the Atlantic from the Mediterranean, the length of which has been traversed and the principal ports of which have been visited by the ships since they passed through the Suez canal. Gibraltar is the last stopping place of the fleet. From that point the sixteen battleships will turn their prows definitely toward home within the next few days, beginning the last leg of the most remarkable cruise ever recorded in naval annals.

More than a year has elapsed since the vessels steamed out of Hampton Roads. Despite the forebodings which filled many Americans and foreign newspapers at the time of the departure of the fleet, the voyage has proved a success, diplomatically as well as nautilus. If the record established up to the present is maintained, the fleet will arrive home without a serious accident or mishap of any kind. Its progress from port to port has been watched by foreign governments with deep interest, because of the technical knowledge to be obtained from the big maneuver, and because of the remarkable skill of American naval officers and the wonderful offensives of the American warships.

The officers and men have been lavishly entertained at every port visited by the fleet. Each government endeavored to outdo the others in its welcome to the visitors, and the result has been a degree of official hospitality seldom before recorded. In Australia, in the Orient and in the Mediterranean the people have turned out to do honor to the visitors.

The homeward trip across the Atlantic promises to be one of the most interesting and instructive features of the entire cruise. Leaving Gibraltar with their homeward bound pennants streaming, the battleships will make direct for Hampton Roads, the port from which they started a year ago last December. It is the firm belief of naval experts that when the fighting craft cast anchor in the roads on February 22 they will be found to be in fit condition to steam out to their destination.

The cruise has been a practice trip throughout, but it remains for the final spurt homeward to institute the elaborate maneuvers and tests planned by the Navy

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

**CORYDON G. DWIGHT, M.D.**Practitioner limited to  
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT  
GLASSES FITTED  
Consultation from 9 to 12 A.M., 2 to 5,  
and by appointment.  
New phone 890 red. Old phone 2762.**DR. EDITH V. BARTLETT**

211-212 Jackman Block.

CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Office hours from 10 to 12 A.M., 2 to 5 P.M. Both phones in office.

Residence phone 2381.

**HILTON & SADLER**

"THE" ARCHITECTS

Deliver the Goods,

"NUF SED."

Office on the bridge, Janesville.

Thos. S. Nolan. H. W. Adams.

C. W. Reeder.

**NOLAN, ADAMS & REEDER ATTORNEYS AT LAW**311-313 Jackman Bldg., Janesville, Wis.  
300-308 Goodwin Building, Beloit, Wis.

B. F. Gunwiddle. Wm. G. Wheeler.

**DUNWIDDIE & WHEELER**

Attorneys and Counselors.

Janesville, Wis.

12-106 W. Milwaukee St.

**W. H. BLAIR**  
ARCHITECT

Room 3, Phoebe Block, Janesville.

**H. E. LARSEN**  
EXPERT MACHINISTSpecialty of factory and mill ro-  
pular work. 17 N. Bluff St.**DR. G. W. FIFIELD**

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON

Has moved his office into his new  
residence at 61 S. Jackson St., next  
door to Baptist church. Telephones  
changed to Rock County 451, Bell 4623.  
Office hours, 2 to 4 P.M. and evenings.**J. A. DENNING**

CARPENTER'S SHOP.

56 S. Franklin.

All kinds of general job work. Now  
is the time to get your odd jobs done.  
Screen doors and windows made to  
order and repaired. Prices lowest,  
quality considered. Both phones.**COMFORT**combined with "cleanliness" and  
economy is the kind of satisfaction  
you get from Electric light.We are making a special offer  
to wire 5 rooms of your house  
and place fixtures in them, complete  
for only \$14.00.

Phone for details.

**Janesville**  
**Electric Co.****GENUINE**  
**Chinese Chop Suey**Moy Sing restaurant, No. 1  
E. Milwaukee street, upstairs.  
Open from 11 a.m. until 2:00  
p.m.**CARPET SWEEPERS**put in order—overhauled and  
repaired. We have just received  
a new lot of supplies and  
parts for doing the work in  
first class manner.Repairing of all kinds done  
promptly, neatly and at right  
prices.**RUSSELL & McDANIEL**

BURGESS OLD STAND.

122 Corn Exchange.

Old phone 3914.

**GEO. K. COLLING**

Established 1866.

Will hereafter continue himself to  
ARCHITECTURE.Plans and specifications furnished. Office  
with Hager & Preler, Builders, No. 21 N.  
River street.**HACK AND BAGGAGE LINE**Calls made day and night.  
Orders taken at Sherer's Drug  
Store until 10 p.m. and Grand Hotel  
until 10 p.m.

Two new party carriages.

P. GOODMAN.

**ACCIDENT ON THE  
S. THIRD ST. HILL**Little Hazel Rice Had Right Leg Broken  
in First Serious Crossing Mile  
of the Winter.Plenty of snow for the runnings, with ideal temperature and moonlight  
accompaniments, have made a powerful appeal to the young people during  
the past few evenings and besides the numerous slight-rides the crossing game has had its devotees. This latter pastime, pursued  
for the most part on dangerous hills and thoroughfares, every winter demands its toll of victims. The first serious accident occurred about eight o'clock last night at the bottom of the South Third street hill when a bobtail which had carried its passengers across the Main street cutbacks in safety, sloughed and ran into a fence and upset, sending the party tumbling and sprawling in several directions. Miss Hazel Rice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rice and a young lady about fifteen years of age, had her right limb fractured above the knee and her head was slightly cut. Her companions, as soon as they had recovered from their confusion and fright, ran to her assistance and sent word which brought her father hurrying to the scene. She was removed to her home, where Dr. E. F. Woods set the broken bones and made her as comfortable as possible. News of the accident quickly reached the police station and Chief Appleby sent an officer to stop further crossing on that hill, which, on account of its sharp incline, the large amount of travel on South Third street, and the ear-tracks at the base, is justly considered one of the most dangerous in the city. The department will also put a stop to the sport on other hills, where it is being carried on with great danger to life and limb, not only of the young people but to pedestrains and the drivers of teams.

Fourth Avenue Hill.

The following communication from a party who represented himself as speaking in behalf of the people of the Second and Third wards, was received by the Gazette too late for publication yesterday:

"The young people's sport is getting to be serious fun. The Fourth avenue hill ambuscade is with us again, as it has been every year for a long time. Tuesday evening several accidents happened. A girl living in that vicinity was helped home by two friends with a long gash in her face and her hand and hands were badly bruised. Parties trying to pass, either going up the hill or toward the business district of the city, are compelled to wait some moments before venturing to cross at the intersections of Fourth avenue with Bluff and Main streets. The people of the Second and Third wards are of the opinion that officers should be placed at those points to protect passers-by from the bob-sleds and flying pieces of ice which certain of the young men seem to take a peculiar delight in hurling at pedestrians. The police are invited to slip around there and size up the sport."

"THIRD WARD KICKER."

—Struck Telephone Pole.

A party who were sliding down the so-called Rolling hill on Center avenue were upset last evening when their car ran into a telephone pole. George Brundum had his left hand badly bruised and cut.

**WHO SOLD BOOZE  
TO THE INDIANS?**That Is One Question Before Federal  
Grand Jury, of Which Two Janes-  
ville Men Are Members.

Frank Jackson is foreman and William E. Schumacher is also a member of the federal grand jury at Madison which is now taking testimony relative to the alleged violation of the law which prohibits the sale of liquor to Indians on the reservations. The sessions are behind closed doors and no information will be given out until indictments and warrants are issued. Several rods-kins from the various Wisconsin "preserves" are giving testimony. U. S. Dist. Atty. W. G. Wheeler is conducting the prosecution for the federal government.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Griswold were here from Whitewater and have been guests of Mrs. Emma Green and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hayne for a few days.

Mrs. T. W. North and Mrs. M. P. Walton went to Magnolia today to attend dinner given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Cole by the ladies of the M. E. Society.

Mrs. Isaac Sharpen returned from Belleville Monday, having been there to attend the funeral of a friend.

Miss Mildred Emery was hostess to about a dozen friends at her home Monday evening. Miss Emery leaves with her parents for her new home in Madison the first of next week.

Mrs. W. Worthing of Cadizville was at Evansville visitor Monday.

The A. H. Shultz Debating Lyceum met last evening and elected officers for the semester. Oliver Chapin was elected President, Gran Howard, Vice Pres., Marc Webb, Secretary, Wallace Porter, Treasurer, and Burr Smith, sergeant of arms.

Mrs. William Walnwright is visiting relatives in Beloit and Jefferson this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Reese left for Eu Claire this noon after spending some time with local relatives.

H. L. Terry, State Superintendent of High Schools was here from Madison today to visit the E. H. S.

Delegato Thomas Cole of Alaska, who was here for several days last autumn while his son was being tried on a charge of highway robbery, recently made a stirring address in the House of Representatives in behalf of a bill providing for large appropriations for the building of military roads in the territories. He told of Alaska's contributions in recent years to the national wealth and of the things that were necessary to its development, predicting that if those needs were properly attended to the territory would one day give the nation two or three great states which would take an important place in the production of coal, copper, and iron, and in agriculture, as well.

Congressman Cole is popular with all classes in Fond du Lac, his former home, where he at one time served as sheriff. Just what has been or is to be done there with the case against his son, James, cannot be definitely ascertained by local officers. It will be remembered that when the jury which was trying him here on the charge of participating with Albert Dorsey in a bold robbery, agreed to disagree and preparations were being made for a second trial, he was re-arrested on a warrant issued at Fond du Lac, charging him with the theft of some valuable property which was recovered by officers acting on information said to have been given out by Cole in an alleged confession. The local case against him was adjourned and he was taken northward, but for some reason or other the prosecution in his home-town has never been pressed.

Congressman Cole is popular with all classes in Fond du Lac, his former home, where he at one time served as sheriff. Just what has been or is to be done there with the case against his son, James, cannot be definitely ascertained by local officers. It will be remembered that when the jury which was trying him here on the charge of participating with Albert Dorsey in a bold robbery, agreed to disagree and preparations were being made for a second trial, he was re-arrested on a warrant issued at Fond du Lac, charging him with the theft of some valuable property which was recovered by officers acting on information said to have been given out by Cole in an alleged confession. The local case against him was adjourned and he was taken northward, but for some reason or other the prosecution in his home-town has never been pressed.

When the new district attorney came into office in January, District Attorney J. L. Fisher wrote to him, stating that the action against Cole was being held open and adjourned for information as to what was to be done with him at that end of the line.

From the standpoint of the prosecu-

**HEN STORY THAT IS  
NOT MERELY FICTION**How Many Eggs Will a Chicken Lay  
in a Year—Result is Surprising  
When Carefully Noted.This innocent question bids fair to  
take the ranks of the hoaxes of Minnesota of many undesirable citizens, and to exalt the hen who does her duty above the wort of feathered kind. The state has taken the trail of the hen and sleeps not, neither can it be deterred from its purpose until the recreant hen is pilloried and Minnesota is rid of her kind.

The trouble started at the Crookston farm school where Superintendent William Robertson made up his mind he was supporting in idleness and luxury a good many hens who were not paying for their feed. He therefore taught each hen with a metal leg band and number. He established an egg register, and with his farm boys devised ingeniously built nests, only to find the hen enters all unexpectingly only to lay her eggs in the nests. To check up her record.

For months every hen has been followed by a sure detective. For a year every now laid egg has been entered upon the book, and a day or two ago came the end of things for many of that household.

Superintendent Robertson held the book on his hen. It showed that two years have made his home with his son William Harvey, who lives in Adams County, and it was there that he burned to death on the evening of January 28th when their house was destroyed by fire. Just how the sad calamity occurred no one knows as Mr. Harvey was in the house alone, but it is supposed he had retired in one of the upper rooms and that the foundation of the staircase had burned and gave way precipitating him into the flames below, when he attempted to make his escape from the burning building. His daughter, Mrs. Sadie Fuller of Evansville and his son William of Adams County are left to mourn his loss, and they have the sympathy of all their friends.

The Evansville High school and grades will honor the memory of Lincoln, and commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of his birth with appropriate exercises on Feb. 12. The program to be given by the High school consists of the following selections:

Life of Lincoln.....Charity Winsor.

Reading.....Eliza Townsend.

Quotations.....Joseph Deverdorff.

Music.....Lillian Spencer.

Reading.....Everett Van Pelt.

Reading.....Marjory Wilder.

Quotations.....Wayne Briggs.

Reading.....Marjory Van Wart.

Reading.....Scott Gillies.

Music.....Meeker, Webb and Pearson.

Reading.....Ethelyn Johnson.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Olivia Luddington.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

Reading.....Ruth Chase.

Music.....Clara Ober.

Reading.....Elizabeth Lee.

Reading.....Marguerite Colony.

Music.....High School.

Quotations.....Perry Wilder.

## WANTS TO TINKER WITH THE PRIMARY

Assemblyman Cady of Sauk County  
Proposes Important Amendments  
to Existing Law.

*[Inclined to the Gazette.]*  
Madison, Wis., Feb. 4.—Assemblyman V. H. Cady, the democrat from Sauk county, today proposed an amendment to the primary election law, and to elect United States senators by a direct vote of the people at the time of holding the general election in November. The bill further proposes to place the names of all party candidates in party columns upon a blank ballot, similar to the general election ballot, and thus permit the voter to take his choice of any candidate for any one office from the candidates of any political party he may choose.

It also provides that candidates who do not receive a majority of all votes cast at the primary for any given office do not receive the nomination for such office, unless they are nominated by the party convention called one week after the primary by a majority vote of the delegates present at voting. This does away with plurality nominations. The delegates are chosen at the primary by the electors and, besides making nominations for offices where the primary fails to nominate by majority vote, the delegates in convention assembled formulate a party platform and nominate a United States senator where one is to be chosen to be voted for by the people at the general election in November. In view of the constitutional requirement that United States senators must be elected by the legislature the action is merely advisory.

"The bill I have presented to the legislature would, I think, cure some of the obvious defects in the present primary election law," said Assemblyman V. H. Cady today. "I think no one will be heard to say that the man never provided for in my bill for recommending candidates for United States senator, for that he what it amounts to, is not preferable to the present primary method and results. The delegate convention to my mind would be far preferable to the so-called Mary Ann method proposed by others and result in candidates being chosen by a majority vote instead of by plurality vote. The convention of delegates representing the sentiment of the people ought to make the party platform rather than the candidates running on the platform. Candidates are apt to be selfish and blind their partisans to declarations that a majority of the voters of the party do not approve of, but the candidates on the other hand ought to be permitted to select committees from men of their own choice whom they may deem best fitted to run their campaign."

Mr. Cady further declared that he believed all voters ought to be permitted to vote their individual choice of candidates running for any office no matter what party the voter may belong to, and adds that "my method I am satisfied would, if given a trial, result in a survival of the fittest and would allow all voters to exercise their free choice and not be hampered by party ballots at the primary."

### SHEBOYGAN VOTING TODAY ON PURCHASE OF PLANT

Will Decide Whether They Will Buy  
City Water Works or  
Not Today.

*[Inclined to the Gazette.]*  
Sheboygan, Wis., Feb. 4.—The special election on today will settle the question of municipal or corporation ownership, after ten years of appraisements, figures, speeches from experts and a year of litigation with the American Water Works and Guarantee company, the present owners of the City Water company. During the ten years, the question of ownership

## AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

### Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Wilmantic, Conn.—"For five years I suffered untold agony from female trouble, causing backache, irregularities, dizziness and nervous prostration. It was impossible for me to walk up stairs without stopping on the way. I tried three different doctors and each told me something different. I received no benefit from any of them, but seemed to suffer more. The last doctor said nothing would restore my health. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see what it would do, and I am restored to my natural health."—Mrs. Ezra DONOVAN, Box 200, Wilmantic, Conn.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, thyroid tumors, irregularities, perloria palms, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulence, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

has passed through three administrations, a socialist, a republican and a democratic.

Five years ago, the citizens of Sheboygan, by a vote of 86 to 14 per cent, decided in favor of buying. Negotiations were entered into with the company and a contract was drawn to take effect January 1, 1908. On that date, the company refused to give up the plant and suit was started by the city. The litigation is still on, but a few months ago the water company offered its plant at \$115,000, just \$35,000 higher than the first price. A special election date was set and the election again awaits the pleasure of the people.

## TODAY'S CHICAGO MARKETS.

*[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]*

Chicago, Feb. 4.  
Cattle

Cattle receipts, 9,000.  
Market, steady.  
Beefers, 4,100@7.00.  
Texas steers, 3,200@5.50.  
Western steers, 3,000@5.50.  
Stockers and feeders, 3,15@5.50.  
Calves, 5,50@7.75.  
Hogs  
Hog receipts, 43,000.  
Market, steady to shade higher.  
Light, 5.85@6.30.  
Mixed, 5.05@6.50.  
Heavy, 6.00@6.50.  
Rough, 6.00@6.50.  
Good to choice heavy, 6.15@6.65.  
Pigs, 4.75@6.75.  
Bulk or sales, 6.20@6.40.

Sheep

Sheep receipts, 8,000.  
Market, weak.  
Native, 3.25@6.65.  
Western, 3.25@6.60.  
Yearling, 5.00@7.00.  
Lamb, 5.50@7.00.

Western lambs, 5.50@7.00.  
Wheat

May—Opening, 1.00@1/2%; high, 1.10%; low, 1.00%; closing, 1.00% asked.  
July—Opening, 98@1/2%; high, 99; low, 98%; closing, 98@1/2%; bid, 97.  
Sept.—Opening, 94@1/2%; high, 94%; closing, 94%.

Rye

Closing—76@1/2%.  
May—78@1/2%.  
Barley

Closing—March, 61@67%.

Corn

May—63@1/2%.  
July—63@1/2%.  
Sept.—63@1/2%; bid, 60@1/2%.

Oats

May—57.  
July—10@1/2%.  
Sept.—30@1/2%.

Poultry

Poultry, steady.  
Turkeys—16.  
Springers—15.  
Chickens—13.

Butter

Butter, steady.  
Crematory—22@23.  
Dairy—21@25.

Eggs

Eggs, weak.  
Case, 27@30.  
Fresh, 30.  
Fine fresh, 31.

Live Stock

Chicago, Feb. 4.  
CATTLE—Good to prime steers, \$4.20@5.15; medium to good steers, \$3.50@4.25; common to fair steers, \$4.00@5.25; native yearlings, \$3.25@4.00; plain to fancy cows, \$3.00@4.50; plain to fancy heifers, \$3.00@4.25; common to choice stockers, \$2.50@3.75; common to fair beef cows, \$2.25@3.15; good cattle, \$1.50@2.25; bulls, good to choice, \$1.25@1.75; bologna bulls, \$1.20@1.50; calves, \$1.00@1.25.

BEEF—Prime to heavy butchers, \$6.00@8.00; choice to light-weight butchers, \$6.00@8.00; choice to light, \$6.00@8.00; good to choice heavy packing, \$6.00@8.00; rough heavy steaks and coarse steaks, \$1.25@1.50; pigs, \$1.00@1.25.

LAMB

Ear Corn—\$15 to \$15.50.  
Corn Meal—\$1.30@1.30 per 100 lbs.  
Food, Corn and Oats—\$28 ton.  
Standard Middlings—\$26@32%.

Oil, Meal—\$1.75 to \$1.85.  
Bran—\$2.00@2.27 per ton.  
Bran—\$2.00@2.20 per 100 lbs.

Oats, Hay, Straw

Oats—\$1.50@2.25.  
Hay—\$0.50 per ton.  
Straw—\$0.50@1.50 per ton.

Rye and Barley

Rye—72¢ for 60 lbs.

Barley—55¢ per bu.

Butter and Eggs

Creamery Butter—29@31.  
Dairy Butter—20@27.

Eggs, Fresh—28@30.

Eggs, Packets—25@26.

Eggs, High Prices

Eggs, Ill., Feb. 2.—The Elgin butter market was declared firm, 29¢. The total output for the week in this district was \$64,000 lbs.

Vegetables

Potatoes—75¢@78¢ bu.  
Buttercups—55¢@60¢ bu.

Onions—60@75¢.

Squash—\$1.25@1.50 doz.

Carrots—10¢@15¢ bu.

Turnips—50¢@60¢.

Apples—\$5.00@5.50 per barrel.

Poultry Market

Live fowl are quoted at the local markets as follows:

Chickens—10¢.

Springers—10¢.

Ducks—10¢.

Turkeys—10¢.

Geese—\$7@7.50 per dozen.

Dressed.

Chickens—12@13¢.

Springers—12@13¢.

Ducks—12@13¢.

Geese—\$9@10¢.

Hogs

Hogs, different grades, 5@6@61/2¢.

Pigs—1@4½ lbs.

Steers and Cows

Steers and cows ranged from 4@5¢.

Live Stock

Sheep—\$1.25@1.50.

Lambs—\$1.25@1.50.

Calves—\$1.25@1.50.

Goats—\$1.25@1.50.

Young lambs—\$1.25@1.50.

Young goats—\$1.25@1.50.

Young calves—\$1.25@1.50.

Young lambs—\$1.25@1.50.

Young goats—\$1.25@1.50.

## The Janesville Gazette

PRINTED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESEVILLE, WIS., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.  
MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION—By Mail.	\$ .50
One Month	\$ .50
Two Months	\$ .90
Three Months	\$ 1.30
Four Months, cash in advance	\$ 1.60
Five Months, cash in advance	\$ 1.80
Six Months, cash in advance	\$ 2.00
DAILY EDITION—By Mail.	
CASH IN ADVANCE.	
One Year	\$ 4.00
One Month	\$ .50
One Year, Rural Delivery in Rock Co.	\$ .80
Weekly Edition—One year	\$ 1.50
Editorial Room	77-3
Business Office	77-2
Job Room	77-4

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

### WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Partly cloudy and possibly rain north late tonight or Friday; warmer tonight.

GAZETTE JANUARY CIRCULATION  
Sworn circulation statement of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1900.

### DAILY.

Days.	Copies/Days.	Copies.
1.....	Holiday 17.....	Sunday 4774
2.....	4778	18
3.....	Sunday 19.....	4778
4.....	4784	20
5.....	4784	21
6.....	4788	22
7.....	4785	23
8.....	4781	24
9.....	4780	25
10.....	4781	26
11.....	4774	27
12.....	4778	28
13.....	4778	29
14.....	4781	30
15.....	4781	31
16.....	4781	
Total		120191
120191 divided by 25, total number of issues, 4808 Daily average.		
SHAMI-WEICKLY.		
Days. ....	Copies/Days. ....	Copies. ....
1.....	1848	20.....
2.....	1832	23.....
3.....	1832	27.....
4.....	1832	30.....
5.....	1832	
Total		16,492
16,492 divided by 5, total number of issues, 3292 Semi-Weekly average.		
This is a correct report of the circulation of the Janesville Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1900, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.		

H. H. BLISS,  
Business Mgr.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of FEBRUARY, 1900.

GRACE P. MILLER.

(Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires July 14, 1903.

### SALARIES

Mr. Bryan's weekly newspaper, The Commoner, in defending small salaries, has this to say about the salaries of supreme court judges:

"Give him \$5,000 a year and his summer vacations will be spent where he comes in contact with those who, in taking a brief respite from the routine of life, seek some quiet and inexpensive resort. 'Make the judge's salary \$10,000 and he will select a new summer resort where he will be thrown into association with those who spend a larger sum upon their summer vacations. Raise the salary to \$15,000 and he will make another move and enter a new class; and he is naturally more or less affected by the opinion of the class with which he associates.'—The Commoner; January 29, 1900.

The Wall Street Journal takes up the subject as follows:

"While suspecting that Mr. Bryan is much too shrewd a man to be deceived by the argument here adduced, he has shown on various occasions an inability to realize all that his own propositions mean. Work the argument the other way. Obviously the \$5,000 man, in the Commoner's example, is the best of the three. If this is so, we might have another Judge Marshall for fifteen hundred dollars; while fifteen dollars a week should be ample for a Blackstone or a Coke."

"There is a story of Mark Twain's of a Mississippi pilot who had the dangerous habit of walking in his sleep. While in that condition, at first not appreciated by his fellows in the pilot house, he carried his vessel on a pitch-dark night, over a most dangerous reach of the Mississippi, and finally led her up in safety without walking. One of the breathless spectators of this remarkable feat draws Mr. Bryan's inference. 'If he can do that gold-mounted jewel-studded piloting when he is asleep, what couldn't he do if he was dead?'

"In his personal experience, every man knows that the difference between \$10,000 a year and \$25,000 a year, in Washington or elsewhere, does not make any real change in the company a man keeps. By the time he is a Judge on the supreme court bench, his habits are fixed. He has the same hobbies, the same clubs and the company, his personal habits call for, and the largest salary does not necessarily make him extravagant. Certainly he does not un settle his life by exchanging his associates for those who would sooner waste money than save it."

"The justices, in England corresponding to our supreme court judges are paid from \$25,000 to \$50,000 a year. They reach their position after long practice at the bar, with perhaps an interval of holding a judicial position of less importance. There is no reason to suppose that their habits of life have changed. Certainly their clubs are the ones they joined years before they were promoted. In such a club as the Athenaeum, the Master of the Rolls, with a salary of \$30,000 a year, will associate with authors of settled status, but uncertain income, civil servants with less than \$5,000 a year, and others, no one of whom seriously considers the question of income in associating with his fellows. The condition is really the same among intelligent people all over America. In the numerous social energies of this country, all kinds of people are brought together, and how-

ever much Mr. Bryan may desire to create the impression of class, it does not exist in any real extent. Salary has nothing to do with it, and a man of refinement will keep refined company. If we want to buy the highest quality of brains for our supreme court, we must pay the price of good brains. Low salaries, in fact, make it impossible for any but a rich man to hold the most important positions.

"Surely this is not what Mr. Bryan wants?"

**WHO CAN BE TRUSTED?**  
It is interesting to read what the Milwaukee Free Press has to say about the state primary law. The Free Press will be remembered was organized, created as it were, to foil this doctrine upon the state and was kept alive by strenuous efforts to further the cause of the reformers. Its opinion just at this time when the very men who created the law now refuse to obey, is most interesting.

The one great reason urged for the primary election law was that the representative of the people chosen by the caucus and convention system often broke faith with them and betrayed his trust. Standing for one principle or policy while seeking election, he was often found after election to have strongly changed.

Therefore, it was argued, that there should be no go-between to whom the candidate should be under obligations when elected. He would, by a system of nomination by direct vote of the people be directly responsible to the people themselves, and to no other individual or interest. This sounded well. The people believed it. A candidate so nominated would surely keep faith.

So the primary law was adopted by vote of the people and one of its provisions gave them the right to nominate by their direct vote their United States senator. This law had no legally binding force. The constitution provides that the state legislatures shall elect United States senators, but the people in their innocence believed that their representatives in the legislature, having urged the adoption of the law and having given to them the right to choose their candidates, would abide by it and ratify the people's choice. They knew that it was morally binding. They thought that settled it.

What do they find? Those most strenuously urging the law and nominated under it now opposing it. They find that auto-election promises are easily broken under the primary system as under the caucus system. The republicans in the legislature who have repudiated the primary election law find it just as easy to disregard the people's mandate as the delegates to the gynnasium convention at Madison did to bolt, and to try to defeat the nominee of a regular party convention.

In Oregon the faith was kept even though republican members of the legislature were obliged to send a democrat to the United States senate. In Wisconsin at least three of the candidates in the senatorial primary had stood for years with the reform movement. Every one of the candidates who entered the primary believed that it would be binding. All knew that three of the candidates must be defeated. Yet a considerable minority of the republican members of the legislature has broken faith.

Must we go back and begin all over again? It is evident that no system and no law can compel public office-holders to keep their pledges. Whatever the system, the people, after all, must rely on themselves if they are to have able and honorable men in their legislatures, men who will not break solemn pledges, men who will not betray them.

**NATIONAL EXTRAVAGANCE**  
The Wall Street Journal is much aroused over the subject of National Extravagance and would seek some method to warn the people before it is too late what dangers they will encounter.

The whole world seems to be obsessed with the desire to spend money recklessly and wastefully. We are facing a deficit of \$125,000,000, and in a time of profound peace, propose to reimpose the taxation of the Spanish War. Spain, in fact, is the only important nation which had a surplus at the time of its last budget and has it still.

Great Britain, Germany, Russia, France, Belgium and Holland are all facing deficits, which have to be made up by extra taxation. It is greatly to the credit of Italy that she had a surplus up to the time of the Messina disaster. She cannot be blamed for that misfortune, and it is curious to see Spain and Italy setting an example of frugality to the rest of the world. No doubt the world-wide depression in business had something to do with the overstrained condition of national finances, but it is to national extravagance that we have to look for a principal cause of the late panic and the present depression.

The extravagance is not confined to any one party. New Zealand is governed on a system as nearly approaching socialism as can be devised, and its debt per capita would make even extravagant Canada shiver, for Canada, not to be out of the fashion, is facing a deficit also. New Zealand is going through a period of money stringency at a time when money elsewhere is almost unobtainable. It is a result of driving capital out of the country by socialist legislation of a confiscatory character.

The two great political parties in England, in defiance of the counsels of such men as Lord Cromer, united to pass an old age pension act which is already costing \$35,000,000 annually and will cost half as much again in the near future. This was a concession to the socialists, but the government is embarked on a gigantic plan of Irish land purchase apparently for the benefit of small tenants who would sooner live in America. Some

£60,000,000 of land sales have been made under the act, and there remains of this no less than £35,000,000 to be financed. No wonder consols have sold in the past week at 83, 84, and 85.

And yet Europe is an armed camp. Nations with little enough interest at sea are buying ten-million-dollar battleships. Argentina and Brazil are developing a taste, that way. They need such armaments as little as Chile or Peru. They know that they are merely buying the means to do ill deeds which make ill deeds done. Nevertheless they must be in the front rank, and those of us who ought to know better are setting them a very poor example.

It was largely this world-wide waste and extravagance which brought about the crisis of 1907, but the appalling part of the business is that with means for extravagance, immensely enriched, in every country in the world, the waste still continues. In this country it is national, state and municipal. All this half-baked socialism talked in recent years has given the people the impression that government is a sort of inexhaustible Fortunatus purse. The man in the street who thinks we should have twice the navy we have now, or should double the salaries of everybody, can never be made to understand that no government, whatever its form may be, is ever in a position to give a dollar to anybody which it has not previously taken out of the pocket of somebody else.

Because of its immense natural resources, it is this country which of all others can afford with dignity to set the much-needed example of thrift to a spendthrift world.

Exchanges say that muscle-makers are looking with interest in the direction of Madison. Well, they visited the city several years ago and wrote up the struggle that was going on to force the people to see the great wisdom of the primary law and how they can go there, and write up again how the same men treat the primary law when it does not please their fancy.

Wisconsin and Illinois can carry off any plans or prizes that are offered for dead lock propositions. The primary laws of both states are such that they do not please the members of the legislature.

Chicago is to receive a large contingent of Filipino hemp, but the Daily News of that city remarks that even that will not cause any sharp increase in the murder record.

Missouri is getting the Standard Oil so well trained that it will do down, play dead and jump through a hoop when told to.

If only one of the officers on the world-round cruise of the American fleet got drunk it is certainly a remarkable record.

Those far western states that went war with Japan might devote a little time to blinding some nice cool ice to their fevered brows.

Cuba has begun to have its own troubles, with its vice-president and soon there will be more trouble and then civil war.

Congress may decide that Taft should have an automobile, but trusts that he will not use it in place of a steam-roller.

Are you a Mason? Mr. Taft is going to be one—a Mason "at sight" too.

**BELL COMPANY IS NOT A TRUST YET**

Attorney General Gilbert Hands Down His Answer to Independent Company's Demands.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 4.—In a decision of eighteen pages Attorney General Gilbert denies the application of the independent telephone companies to begin suit in the name of the state to oust the Bell company from Wisconsin as a violation in restraint of trade. He declared however, "I am greatly relieved by the knowledge that the petitioners are not left without a remedy but may appeal to the supreme court for leave to bring the action petitioned for as individuals."

The independent telephone companies sought to have this action started to check the Bell company purchasing independent lines.

The two cases cited by the complainants were the purchase of the Bell company and the Dane County telephone company of Madison. The attorney general discusses the evidence exhaustively and declares that it is clear that abuses and evils now exist or may develop in the future the citizens have ample redress under the public utility law.

Great Britain, Russia, France, Belgium and Holland are all facing deficits, which have to be made up by extra taxation. It is greatly to the credit of Italy that she had a surplus up to the time of the Messina disaster. She cannot be blamed for that misfortune, and it is curious to see Spain and Italy setting an example of frugality to the rest of the world. No doubt the world-wide depression in business had something to do with the overstrained condition of national finances, but it is to national extravagance that we have to look for a principal cause of the late panic and the present depression.

The extravagance is not confined to any one party. New Zealand is governed on a system as nearly approaching socialism as can be devised, and its debt per capita would make even extravagant Canada shiver, for Canada, not to be out of the fashion, is facing a deficit also. New Zealand is going through a period of money stringency at a time when money elsewhere is almost unobtainable. It is a result of driving capital out of the country by socialist legislation of a confiscatory character.

The two great political parties in England, in defiance of the counsels of such men as Lord Cromer, united to pass an old age pension act which is already costing \$35,000,000 annually and will cost half as much again in the near future. This was a concession to the socialists, but the government is embarked on a gigantic plan of Irish land purchase apparently for the benefit of small tenants who would sooner live in America. Some

## Heart to Heart Talks.

BY EDWIN A. NYE.

Copyright, 1900, by American Press Association.

### SUCCESS AND FAILURE.

Both man and animal are in a constant fight for successful existence.

The law of the survival of the fittest does its work. With tooth and talon the animals selfishly battle for the numbers.

Man also fights his fellow, not with teeth and claws, but with cunning and foresight, and skill. Wit takes the place of the club of the stone age. And in the arena of competition men face one another as bravely as did the gladiators of Rome and Corinth. But there is this difference:

Among men the fight must be fair. If in his climbing up the man uses foul means to pull his fellow down, he is dishonored. If he employs deceit or force, he descends to the brute.

Real success today depends on how a man WINS it—and USES it.

If anxious to win a man betrays a trust or extorts an undue advantage or grabs more than he earns or needlessly wounds his rival, that is not "the square deal."

It was not always so.

It is coming to be so.

And, on the other hand, the man who wins an honored place among the successful of today must do so by helping his fellow. There is only one way by which one can win from the world of today its admiration and its gratitude, and that is by the way of SERVING the world. Only he who serves his generation is respected and honored by his generation.

Is not that just and fine?

The people want to know HOW the man comes up. If he gets up by low trickery or by a betrayal of the common interest, he cannot win via the recognition of the people. But you say—"Nothing succeeds like success."

Once, and not so long ago, the adage was a truism. Once it was urged: "Succeed! S

## DID MAN DISAPPEAR OR HAS HE GONE TO SEEK WORK?

If your teeth are in bad order no physician can do much for your general health until they are fixed.

Food decomposes very rapidly in the cavities of your tooth and breeds disease which passes into your stomach. Every meal adds more to it.

Dental mean that it will cost you more in the end. Have your teeth put in good sound shape at once.

I make no charge for examination.

If you will choose me to do your work I will save nine-tenths of all the pain.

## DR. F. T. RICHARDS

GRADUATE DENTIST.  
Office over Hall & Sayles' Jewelry store  
Janeville, Wis.



CLEANERS AND DYERS.  
All kinds of clothing dry cleaned and pressed. We put an entirely new appearance on suits, giving each garment a freshness that suggests the original appearance when brand new. We are prompt and careful with our work and guarantee to all patients perfect satisfaction as well as contentment with the low prices charged.

## C. F. BROCKHAUS

OPPOSITE MYERS HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1855

## First National Bank

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits \$240,000  
J. G. Rexford, President  
L. B. Carlis, Vice President  
W. C. Newhouse, Cashier  
H. S. Haggart, Asstt Cashier

We offer to depositors the benefit of our strong financial condition and our business experience.

Deposits in our Savings Department draw 3 per cent interest, compounded twice each year.

All our certificates of deposit draw 2 per cent for four months and 3 per cent for six months.

## STOP OUR WAGON and order our PASTEURIZED MILK.

You will then have milk that is absolutely PURE.

Janesville Pure Milk Co.  
GRIDLEY & CRAFT, Prop.  
22 No. Bluff Street  
Call—Old phone 3811, new phone 9801.

## RINK COMING THE REXOS

Feb. 8-10-12-13

Human Society Invited: The Janeville Human Society and all interested in the work have been invited to attend a free lecture which Attorney W. H. Bennett of Milwaukee is to deliver before the Beloit Human Society in the Line City tomorrow evening. His subject will be "Human Law and Human Work."

Head of Mystic Workers: J. Ross Mickey of Macomb, Ill., Supreme Master of the Mystic Workers of the World, spent several hours in Janeville yesterday afternoon and visited with several local members of the order. He was on his way to Monroe where he attended a meeting of the Lodge last evening.

## Mlle. ZARA, PALMIST AND CLAIRVOYANT

Wants you to make your calls early as she positively leaves Monday. See classified ad.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

J. D. Beck of Madison, a member of the State Commission of Labor, was in the city yesterday.

Lincoln Barrett of Durabog was here yesterday.

Mrs. Marjorie Holm has returned to Cambridge, Wis., after a visit at the residence of Peter Berg on Pensacola Court.

Clayton Stoney of Clinton was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Court Reporter F. C. Grant was expected home from Jefferson today.

J. F. Dunleavy of Delavan is the guest of Janeville relatives.

C. Schultz of Monroe transacted business here yesterday.

Mrs. Theodore W. Goldin of Kansas City is visiting in the city.

Miss Christina Friederichsen of Oregon visited here on Wednesday.

Roy Roth was here from Beloit yesterday.

John Contwell departed last evening for Minneapolis where his sister and mother now reside.

Dr. J. H. Burdick of Milton visited Janeville yesterday.

Mrs. Eugenia Hull of Milton Junction arrived Wednesday in this city.

Mrs. Ida Stoddard, daughter of W. P. Stoddard, who is clerk at the Indian reservation near Ashland, is suffering with a mild attack of influenza.

B. Lockwood, district agent for the Standard Oil Co. at Edgerton, was in Janeville yesterday.

Mrs. Lillian Fisher is very sick at her home on Milton avenue.

Mrs. B. L. Merrick of 10<sup>th</sup> North Bluff street is entertaining Mrs. W. H. Baker of Popelop, Ind., this week.

M. E. Bloomer of Green Bay returned to that point this morning, following upon a visit at the home of A. Tucker on East Milwaukee street.

A. Tucker went to Milwaukee this morning for a few days' stay.

Mrs. Anton Barnett went to Madison today for a brief visit.

The Misses Mary and Mabel Clegg of this city have left for Milwaukee to visit friends for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Asbury Coolay of Brookfield, who have been visiting friends in this city, went to Rockford this morning.

Miss Martha S. Jewell of Prairie Avenue went to Whitewater this morning.

George Hatch went to Monticello today.

Mrs. J. P. Smiley and daughter, Lillian, were in from Oxfordville.

Mrs. George Green of Stoughton is the guest of Mrs. Sutherland on Prospect avenue.

J. A. Warner, who has been the guest of William Crowe in this city, left for his home this morning, which is at Hudson, South Dakota.

W. H. Witham, who has been the guest of M. V. Griffin of this city since Monday, returned to Footville today.

Peter Cassoday of Park avenue is going to Leyden tomorrow to visit Michael Begeer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Schelbel were visitors in Beloit last evening to attend the Knights of Pythias' "hard-times" dance.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Q. Stark of Darien are the guests of Charles H. Werlein of Garfield avenue.

Sheriff Scheibel went to Beloit this morning.

Miss Gladys Heidels left today for Ann Arbor, Mich., where she will attend the Junior "prom" tomorrow night. She expects to return on Monday.

Licensed for Marriage: In the county clerk's office today a license to marry was granted Floyd George and Daisy F. Fritze of Union. The wedding is to take place at Evansville, the Rev. D. Q. Grable officiating.

Broke Her Leg: Yesterday morning about nine o'clock, while walking on an icy sidewalk, near her home, Mrs. W. H. Taylor fell, breaking both bones of the left limb. The injured lady was immediately removed to her home and Dr. Gibson was called in to set the break. She is reported to be resting quite comfortably today.

Fined for Drunkenness: George W. Ward was arraigned in municipal court this morning for being intoxicated on Academy street. He pleaded guilty and was fined two dollars and costs or three dollars and ten cents. Ward was arrested on complaint of his landlord, Charles Carpenter, who said that he had been creating a disturbance at the hotel. When taken into court this morning the man had one eye badly blackened and swollen.

## BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

To the Voters of Janeville.  
I desire to announce my candidacy for Mayor on the Republican ticket at the primaries to be held March 23.

VICTOR P. RICHARDSON.

Fresh Dressed and Skinned Perch  
10c lb.

Pike, Whitefish, Trout,  
Fancy Smoked Halibut.

Fancy Chunk Cod.

Genuine Smoked Whitefish,  
Breakfast Mackeral, import-

ed, 2 for 25c.

Smoked Finnan Haddie,  
12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> lb.

Smoked Blowers, 2 for 5c.

New Salt Herring, 7c lb.

New Spiced Herring, 3 for 10c.

Imported Fish Balls,

Bismarck Herring.

Norway Smoked Sardines.

Primost Cheese, fancy, 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> lb.

Mustard Sardines in Paprika

Sauce, 2 for 25c.

2 Mule Team Borax 25c.

Solid Pick Pumpkin, 10c can

3 cans Peas, Corn, or Su-

cotash, 25c.

Tiny Green Lima Beans 12c

lb.

Prairie Queen Butterine, 20c

lb.

Cooking Butter, 20c lb.

Fine ripe Pineapples, 15c,

20c.

Grape Fruit, 45c dozen.

Get your Fresh Vegetables

at our fountain.

## DEDRICK BROS.

Want you to make your calls early as she positively leaves Monday. See classified ad.

## DID MAN DISAPPEAR OR HAS HE GONE TO SEEK WORK?

Is the Question Which Friends of John McQuaid Are Now Beginning to Ask.

Has John McQuaid mysteriously disappeared, or has he left town merely

to seek work in another city? This

is the question that friends of the

man are beginning to ask, as he has

not been seen or heard from for some

time. Is this to be another case similar

to that of Thomas McLaughlin,

who vanished, as it were, in a few

hours ago.

For some months McQuaid had been

working for Thorngood & Co., but

about the sixteenth of January he

left his job there to go to live with

his brother, James, in Beloit. He

went to Beloit and after remitting

with his brother and family for a few

days said that he was coming to

Janeville to get work, and left them.

Nothing was thought of this until

after a time no word from him was

received and his parents, Mr. and

Mrs. John McQuaid, Sr., began to be

worried concerning him. According

to last Saturday, his stepson-in-law,

Mrs. James McQuaid, made a trip to

Janeville to find what was the mat-

ter with him, but on reaching the old

home on the corner of North

Bluff street and St. Mary's avenue,

the house was found locked up and

there were no signs of life about the

place.

Inquiry among the neighbors devel-

oped that he had not been seen by

them since his departure for his bro-

ther's home. There is considerable

suspicion as to what has become of him.

## SOCIETY BUSY WITH THE SOCIAL EVENTS

Many Before-Lent Parties Given—  
Luncheons, Dinners and Afternoon Card Games.

Janeville society ladies are busy these days with the pre Lenten gaiety.

Yesterday Mrs. George Sibley entertained the Shriners club at Edgerton.

At six Mrs. A. E. Mathewson entertained the ladies' grand club at a supper last evening.

Tomorrow Mrs. Frank Jackman has luncheon.

On Friday and Saturday Mrs. Archie Held has issued invitations for afternoon parties. Mrs. George S. Parker has issued invitations for a six o'clock dinner for the 10th. On Thursday next Mrs. George Klinthorn entertains the D. A. R. Mrs. W. T. Sharer entertained at cards on Tuesday last.

## BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

Crazy Man Taken: An insane man named Irwin was taken from Beloit to the Green County Hospital for the Insane to be kept there. A brother and friend of the man brought him up from Beloit this morning and attended him on his journey.

Broke Her Leg: Yesterday morning about nine o'clock, while walking on an icy sidewalk, near her home, Mrs. W. H. Taylor fell, breaking both bones of the left limb.

The injured lady was immediately removed to her home and Dr. Gibson was called in to set the break.

He kept shouting "I am," as they took him from the city hall to the St. Paul station.

Licensed for Marriage: In the county clerk's office today a license to marry was granted Floyd George and Daisy F. Fritze of Union.

The wedding is to take place at Evansville, the Rev. D. Q. Grable officiating.

Brookings, S.D.—The Art League will meet with Mrs. W. H. Ascheroff tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 p.m. Mrs. Edithon will act as leader. Members will please come prepared to discuss current events.

# News From the Suburbs

JUDA.

Juda, Feb. 3.—Mrs. Hannah Conner returned Friday from a week's visit with relatives near Footville.

Arthur Huberman returned Saturday from a week's visit with his parents at Morrison, Wis.

George Barnum spent Saturday in Orfordville.

Mrs. Paul Luther spent Saturday and Sunday in Brookhead.

Miss Lotta Thompson who teaches in Monteville spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Mary Thompson.

Miss Margaret Dugay of Monroe was on over Sunday visitor with Miss Minnie Moldenhauer.

Oscar Moldenhauer spent Thursday in Monroe.

Mrs. Dr. Moore of Monroe is seriously ill at the home of her sister, Mrs. T. H. Jones. Her husband who is in Madison has been sent for and will arrive here Wednesday.

Prof. L. F. Frye and wife, Stephens left for Platteville Friday evening and arrived there Saturday evening being compelled to walk five miles into the bargain of the railroad. Mr. Frye was from Monday morning at eight o'clock until Monday evening at eight returning by the way of Madison. Mr. Stephens has not as yet returned.

Mr. J. Kellogg arrived home Tuesday from Alexander, Man., being called there one week ago by the sudden death of his daughter, Mrs. Henry Prudger.

Special meetings will be held at the M. E. church this week every evening at 7 o'clock.

Sunday evening Superintendent J. F. Baker of Madison will speak in the interest of the Anti Saloon League.

On Feb. 12th that Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will have an up-to-date and bazaar. Supper will be served from five o'clock until all are served. In the evening there will be a program in honor of Lincoln's birthday. Note the date, Feb. 12th. Everybody invited.

## NORTH LEYDEN.

North Leyden, Feb. 2.—In spite of the severe cold, Ed. Cassidy finished his contract of hauling twenty-five cords of wood for P. Cullen, in Janesville, assisted by a number of his friends.

Last Friday evening a farewell party was held at John Kennedy's. The Kennedy family expect to move to Janesville.

Charles Conway made his usual call at C. Cassidy's Sunday.

Mrs. P. Reilly and son Thomas were Janesville callers Thursday.

Mrs. Will Mosher was a caller at her son's home Thursday.

Will Tobin and cousin, William Kennedy, have accepted positions as floor walkers in a large department store in Chicago.

James Cullen and lady friend called at P. Reilly's Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Eugene Reilly was a caller at M. O'Neill's recently.

Joseph Woehler called on Miss Mary Reilly Wednesday evening.

Fred Reilly and Thomas Lay were pleasant callers at Thomas Byrne's last evening.

Walter Tobin made a business call in Washington, D. C., recently.

T. Tobin is brooking a fine span of oats.

P. Reilly and sister, Katheryn, intend taking an extended trip in the

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreadful disease that science has been able to cure in this country, and that is Cancer. This Cancer Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Cancer being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Cancer Cure is taken internally, attacking the diseased and cancerous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by helping up the constitution instead of attacking it. The people who have no more faith in its curative powers than they offer the Thimble Dollars for any case that it fails to cure, need for the test of testimonials.

Address, F. J. MCLENGY & CO., Toledo, O.

Send for free sample.

Take Hall's Family Pill for confirmation.

west.

Peter Barrett and daughter Catharine, called on Mrs. Lawrence Barrett last week.

Mrs. Fred Morrison visited her mother, Mrs. B. Tolles, in Evansville, last week.

J. Polzien and August Elzer intend to work in tobacco this spring.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Kennedy were Janesville visitors last week.

Ed. Fox now occupies the former position held by W. Tobin.

Miss Laura Amundson was a pleasant caller on Miss Clara Tobin.

Miss Ethel Tobin intends to take up residence in Washington, D. C., next month.

August Drafaul is sawing wood in this vicinity.

Charles Cassidy is home from Janesville, after a month of contracting work there.

**SOUTH SPRING VALLEY.**

South Spring Valley, Feb. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Olin spent Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. Hans Foslin.

Miss Gladys Foslin visited at the home of her grandparents from Sunday till Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Soren Strandahl and children called on Mr. and Mrs. G. Hanson Sunday.

Mr. John Hegg and nephew, Mr. Gundersen, were guests of Mr. Andrew Beck, Tuesday.

Mrs. Martha Olin called on Mr. and Mrs. John Yall Wednesday.

Mr. John Huff delivered his tobacco Saturday at Brookhead, assisted by Hans Foslin.

Mr. Harry Do Jean was a pleasant caller in this vicinity Monday.

Mr. Ole Strandahl purchased 9 head of Holstein cattle Thursday last from parties near Albany.

Mrs. John Richmond visited her daughter, Elihu, Wednesday last.

Mr. Nelson Olin delivered a crate of poultry to parties in Orfordville Wednesday.

Mr. Albert Delorud called on Mr. Nelson Olin Tuesday.

Mr. Ole Huff and son Ben of Newark were recent callers at Mr. Hans Foslin's.

Mr. Eddie Strauss of Brodhead was the guest of Mr. Zebulon Moon Sunday evening.

**BARKERS CORNERS.**

Barkers Corners, Feb. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. John Flager of Janesville spent Sunday at M. Haynes.

W. H. Schomaker was called to Madison this week to serve on the grand jury.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Kneland and W. F. Wright and family spent Tuesday evening at Chas. Davis' home.

Mrs. C. H. Schomaker and daughter visited at G. R. Barker's in the city Wednesday.

Albert Starko and wife were Edgerton visitors one day last week.

The Ladies' Aid of the U. B. church will meet with Mrs. M. Haynes next Thursday, Feb. 11. Everyone come.

C. B. Shomaker left for Mexico Tuesday to buy land.

L. J. Caldwell attended an auction sale southwest of Janesville Wednesday.

Arthur Hodge and family spent Tuesday at Geo. Simons.

**BRODHEAD.**

Brodhead, Feb. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Uehling of Janesville were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Scherholz on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Austin and Charles Stephen left Wednesday afternoon for a visit to Chicago.

Harrison A. Smith of Chillicothe dropped off the four o'clock train for a few minutes yesterday afternoon. He reports his family is well.

Mrs. Allie Myers of Rockford is the guest of Brodhead friends.

Mrs. G. A. Motzel of Janesville spent Tuesday in this city.

M. H. Shorb of Durand, Ill., was here on business Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Cooley are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Nuzum in

Janesville. They expect to visit in Rockford also.

Mrs. Matto Sackett went to Chicago Wednesday morning for a short stay.

Curtis Stewart was here from Edgerton Wednesday to see his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Stewart, Mr. J. W. Gardner made a business trip to Orfordville, Wednesday.

Misses Nettie and Hilda Loftus spent Wednesday in Janesville.

Mr. G. E. Dixon entertained the Sub-Rosa club on Wednesday afternoon.

The Round Dozen club met with Mrs. Edith Trousdale on Wednesday evening and were most pleasantly entertained.

The Pleasant club was entertained by Mrs. Neill, Atwood yesterday afternoon.

## GRIM ANGEL CALLED CIVIL WAR VETERAN

Thimothy Lawrence, One of Most Respected Residents of County Line Died Suddenly.

County Line, Feb. 3.—On Saturday evening with but a few minutes warning the death angel visited the home of Jerry Murphy and took therefrom Timothy Lawrence, one of our oldest and much respected residents. "Tim" the name by which he was so well known to all was born April 7, 1821 in Waterford County, Ireland.

Together with his wife and two oldest children he came to Wisconsin in the 40's. When the Civil War broke out he promptly responded to the call for volunteers and served his country during the trying time. By his death four children, Thos. of Chillicothe, William, Mr. Arren Vney and Mrs. Jerry Murphy of the place also a number of grand and great grand children, one brother, Thos. Lawrence of Galesville, Wisconsin, are left to mourn his loss besides a large number of friends.

Funeral services were held Tuesday from St. Ann's Catholic church at Stoughton. Rev. Father Hallin officiating. The G. A. R. boys had charge of the funeral. We extend our sympathy to the sorrowing relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Boyle welcomed a daughter to their home last Tuesday evening. All are doing nicely.

Willie Mahannah of McFarland is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Ethel Anderson is spending a week with her cousin, Wm. Ernest Leinen of Stoughton.

John Johnson went to Capron, Ill., Tuesday to spend the remainder of the week with an uncle there.

Mrs. Jessie Martin and son are visiting relatives near Janesville.

Albert Starko and wife were Edgerton visitors one day last week.

The Ladies' Aid of the U. B. church will meet with Mrs. M. Haynes next Thursday, Feb. 11. Everyone come.

C. B. Shomaker left for Mexico Tuesday to buy land.

L. J. Caldwell attended an auction sale southwest of Janesville Wednesday.

Arthur Hodge and family spent Tuesday at Geo. Simons.

**DON'T WEAR A TRUSS.**

After Thirty Years Experience I Have Made A New Discovery For Men, Women or Children, That Cures Rupture.

Costs You Nothing To Try It. If you have tried everything else, come to me. When others fail where I have my greatest success. Send attached coupon today and I will send you my book on Rupture and its cure, showing my new discovery, giving you the secret of my success. If you have tried it many, many ways, don't give up. I have tried it many, many ways, and were cured. It is instant relief when all others fail. Remember, I owe no attorney, no harness, no fees.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.

In the course of time, says the physician, the bones will knit, the ligaments will become strong, and the man will be able to use his leg. Such an operation, it is said, has never before been performed in this country. One similar to it, physicians say, and only one, has been performed in Germany. Kelly is said to be improving

The bones were riveted together by slender, strong wire, and the most delicate phase of the operation, that of joining the ligaments, caused the surgeon to work as if they probably never labored before. Every tissue, tendon and muscle was joined and the bones fastened together.



## LOCAL INVESTORS MUCH INTERESTED

RECEIVERSHIP FOR AMERICAN GUARANTEE CO. AFFECTS JANESEVILLE PEOPLE.

### IT IS THOUGHT SOLVENT

Indications Are That Investments Will Be Protected.—Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars Said to Be Involved in This City Alone.

Janeville people who have bonds of the American Guarantee company, of Chicago, are much interested in the appointment of a trustee to wind up the affairs of the institution and reorganize the concern. Indications are that the concern is solvent, although a thorough examination of the finances has not yet been made.

It is roughly estimated that one hundred and fifty residents of Janeville have bonds in the concern upon which a goodly portion of the assessments have been paid. In all, some seventy-five thousand dollars in each has been paid in upon bonds which will aggregate a hundred and fifty thousand dollars upon maturity.

Some of the bonds are for a thousand and some two thousand dollars, the payments ranging from seventy to fifty dollars a thousand, according to the date of their being taken out. The earlier bonds were to be paid for at the rate of seventy-five dollars a year, and the later ones call for but fifty dollars.

These payments were made monthly, semi-annually and yearly. They were based on the policy of the old life insurance company's toning the system. Many have paid as much as seven to nine hundred dollars on their bonds; others are only interested to the extent of but a few hundred. An average of five hundred dollars per bondholder is not considered excessive.

The laws regulating the company were that the six banks approved as depositaries under the Illinois state law, were to have a percentage of the investments in good security equal to the paid up bonds. The total aggregate value of the bonds outstanding is nearly eighteen millions, while the paid up value of them is less than a million.

Charles LaTour Fury, president and general manager of the concern, died last fall, and at the time of his death the New York Audit company went over the books of the company and declared it solvent. The present trouble appears to have come from a contract that Mr. Fury had with the company, of which he controlled the stock, to the effect that his heirs should receive the same percentage commission of new policies and renewals—two dollars on every thousand dollars as during his life.

This contract, his directors refused to sanction, and steps were taken to wind up the affairs of the concern. Being organized under the laws of West Virginia, a receiver was appointed in that state and later a receiver in Illinois, where the head office was located.

Plans were under way for re-organization of the company but were stopped when the discovery of the big payments that Fury required was made.

The discovery of the big payments to Fury halted the negotiations for re-organization of the company. Mrs. Carlo Rebecca Fury and her daughter, Miss Caroline LaTour Fury, 19 years old, equal heirs, had been told by Mr. Fury that he was worth between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. When they discovered that his principal possession was 602 shares in the American Guarantee company they believed the stock worth a fortune.

Its par value was only \$100,000, and the directors of the company, considering the continuance of the business, were convinced that Mr. Fury already had received more of the company's funds than he should have. Then they encountered a second obstacle. Mr. Fury's contract provided that the annual commission on outstanding business gained during his connection with the company should go to his estate until it lapsed or matured.

This would mean the annual payment of large sums to Mrs. Fury and her daughter, and there the directors balked.

Several local bankers who have been questioned relative to the concern express an opinion that no money will be lost and that it will be found that sufficient funds are deposited to meet all demands. The bonds which are being paid for by Janeville people were sold by the Rockford agent of the company although paid through a local bank acting as a collection agency for the company.

### THREE TEAMS TIED ACCORDING TO SCORE

Interest in Games at the Y. M. C. A. Continues to Keep Up.—How Teams Stand.

Physical Director Birch of the Y. M. C. A. has prepared a revised schedule of the intermediate basketball ratings which shows a unique situation in that three teams are tied for first place. These three are the Giants, the Tigers, and the Naps, each of which has won eleven games, lost six and possesses a percentage of .647. The Sox have won nine games, the Cubs and the Pirates, each five. The Sox have lost eight, the Cubs and the Pirates twelve. The percentage of the Sox is .529; that of the Cub is .293.

Mr. Birch received word today that the basketball game between the local Y. M. C. A. and the Chicago Cardinals has been cancelled owing to a change in the route of the latter team.

MISS MABEL HOLLOWBECK WEDS LESLIE TOWNSEND

Ceremony Was Performed at the Congregational Parsonage by Rev. R. C. Denison This Morning.

Miss Mabel Hollowbeck and Leslie Townsend secured a special permit and were wedded at the Congregational parsonage this morning, the Rev. R. C. Denison officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Marian Hollowbeck. They will make their home in Footville after a brief honeymoon trip to Milwaukee and Madison.

### TRIAL TOMORROW OF NEW FIRE STEAMER

Tests of City's Recent Purchase Will Be Held at West Side Station And Other Places.

At noon today, Mr. Ahrens, secretary of the Ahrens Fire Engine company, from whom the city purchased their new \$5,875 fire steamer, with the delivering engineer, arrived in the city, and will assist in preparing the new engine for the tests which will be made.

An endeavor will be made to have everything ready for the official exhibition to take place tomorrow afternoon. These trials will be held at various points in the city and the working of the new machine will be tested under all conditions.

One test will be held in front of the West Side fire station and one on Main street, but the other places where the freight will be given have not as yet been decided upon. In the demonstrations, the capacity of the engine will be one of the features.

Four lines of hose will be played simultaneously and a solid two-inch stream will also be thrown. The engine will be assembled by tonight, but the hoist will not be set up until tomorrow afternoon.

The service weight of the steamer is five thousand pounds, when carrying coal, and with water in the boiler, in dry weather, two horses will be sufficient to pull it, but when the roads are heavy, three will be required.

The hydrants in use now do not have engine connections and to get a flow into the new steamer's pump a reducer will be used. When new hydrants are put in, an effort will be made to have them large enough so that they may be attached to the five inch feed pipe of the engine.

A hoist is provided with the new engine, which keeps warm water in the boiler at all times. The fuel used in the hoist will be coal instead of gas, as was the erroneous impression of some. The construction of the hoist is a system of pipes, grouped in units of nine pieces each. There are twenty-one units.

A water pressure of three hundred pounds will be given, with a steam pressure of one hundred and eighty pounds. The capacity in gallons per minute is 500.

The dimensions over all are: a length, without the pole, of 14 feet and one inch, and with the pole, of twenty-four feet and six inches. The height over the dome is nine feet and six inches. The minimum tread with standard wheels is: out to one of three 62 inches, and the width over the hubs, 74 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

which is a singular coincidence," says Chief Kline.

The old engine is practically worthless. It looks badly and the more it is heated up the worse it looks. It will probably be sold for old iron.

**WANT EXTENSION OF CITY FIRE LIMITS**

Manitowoc Seeks to Have Many Forms Made in City—Hunter Is Missing.

(EDITORIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

Manitowoc, Feb. 4.—Business men of the city have made a demand upon the council for extension of the fire limits and rigid enforcement of regulations affecting construction of buildings, the aim being to reduce insurance rates. The city has several blocks of wooden structures in the down town district which it is claimed should never have been permitted and the fire chief and fire committee will take steps to investigate and action for prosecutions may be taken. The fire limits will probably be extended one block in each direction, thus getting outside the principal business section.

(POLICE DEPARTMENT.)

That the Manitowoc police department is a disgrace, the equipment old fashioned and worthless, were charges made to the council when the question was raised as to the city's equipment of the department and a salary advance for the chief. The council makes no provision for city equipment, but may be amended so that in the future the men need not pay for their own arms, etc. After two hours' wrangle the council voted a \$200 increase to the police chief.

(HUNTER MEETING.)

Thomas Zurner, aged 29, is missing from his home at Collins and four are entertained that he lost his life in the river. Zurner had been engaged in hunting and trapping and had been missing for two weeks. The police have instituted a search without results.

(COUNTY POOR FARM.)

The service weight of the steamer is five thousand pounds, when carrying coal, and with water in the boiler, in dry weather, two horses will be sufficient to pull it, but when the roads are heavy, three will be required.

The hydrants in use now do not have engine connections and to get a flow into the new steamer's pump a reducer will be used. When new hydrants are put in, an effort will be made to have them large enough so that they may be attached to the five inch feed pipe of the engine.

A hoist is provided with the new engine, which keeps warm water in the boiler at all times. The fuel used in the hoist will be coal instead of gas, as was the erroneous impression of some. The hoist is a system of pipes, grouped in units of nine pieces each. There are twenty-one units.

A water pressure of three hundred pounds will be given, with a steam pressure of one hundred and eighty pounds. The capacity in gallons per minute is 500.

The dimensions over all are: a length, without the pole, of 14 feet and one inch, and with the pole, of twenty-four feet and six inches. The height over the dome is nine feet and six inches. The minimum tread with standard wheels is: out to one of three 62 inches, and the width over the hubs, 74 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

In the Water Witch steamer the engine and pump work horizontally, but in the new machine the stroke is vertical. The steam cylinders have a diameter of nine inches and the cylinders of the pump are five and a half inches in diameter. The stroke length is eight inches.

In speaking of the engine this morning Chief Kline said: "There is not a new invention used on five engines that this engine has not got. It can be worked from either side and has double the capacity of either of the old time engines the department has ever had, even in their best days."

"Enough coal to keep the engine going for a half to three-quarters of an hour can be carried with the machine when it is needed and more can be hauled as fast as it is required. One peculiar feature is that the number of the new engine is 158, while that of the old Watch Witch is 160.

Definite plans for establishment of a city poor farm have been approved by the council and a special committee has been named to get estimates on cost of buildings, etc. The poor house will be located on the Gulickson farm, 30 acres, purchased for cemetery purposes and no isolation hospital may also be placed on the premises. The committee report will be acted upon at the first meeting in March.

(CAR THIEVES.)

Betrayed by a "pal," Geo